

Step 4: Multiplex PCR protocol

Urodiag[®] Multiplex PCR Kit (OncoDiag)

50 Patient tests
Ref. No. UR50P



The Urodiag[®] Multiplex PCR Kit is an in vitro diagnostic test for the surveillance of patients with non-muscle-invasive bladder cancer (NMIBC).

The procedure for multiplex PCR reactions is carried out with the StepOnePlus Real-Time system (applied biosystems, Thermo Fisher Scientific). The kit can be stored in the freezer (-15-25°C) for up to 12 months. It is not recommended to freeze and thaw the kit more than 5 times.

Equipment and Reagents to Be Supplied by User

- StepOnePlus Real-Time system
- MicroAmp Fast Optical 96-Well Reaction Plate, 0.1 ml and Optical Adhesive Covers (applied biosystems, Thermo Fisher Scientific) or MicroAmp Fast Reaction Tubes (8 tubes/strip, 0.1 ml) and MicroAmp Optical 8-Cap Strip (applied biosystems, Thermo Fisher Scientific)
- Micropipets and pipet tips with aerosol barrier
- Microcentrifuge for PCR plates
- Vortexer
- Cooling block

Kit contents

The kit is designed for 50 patients (10 patients/PCR run, no more than 5 runs). It is intended for the qualitative detection of *FGFR3* somatic mutations (G372C, R248C, S249C, Y375C) and the quantification of three DNA methylation markers (*HS3ST2*, *SEPTIN9*, *SLIT2*) by multiplex PCR in urine DNA of patients.

The kit is composed of 8 tubes (4 tubes for the Mutation assay, 3 tubes for the Methylation assay and 1 tube with sterile water). Each tube contains all the components (PCR mastermix, primers and probes) necessary to carry out the Mutation and Methylation assays.



| | Cap color | Tube | Vol. | Description |
|--------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------|---|
| Mutation assay | Blue | 1 | 1040 µl | The tube contains all components (PCR master mix, primers and probes) necessary to detect S249C, Y375C mutations and the <i>GLOBIN</i> gene |
| | | 2 | 1040 µl | The tube contains all components (PCR master mix, primers and probes) necessary to detect R248C, G372C mutations and the <i>GLOBIN</i> gene |
| | | 3 | 30 µl | The tube contains a mixture of two DNA solutions: (i) synthetic <i>FGFR3</i> sequences comprising the mutations S249C and Y375C placed in a plasmid vector, (ii) human control DNA to detect the globin gene (internal control) |
| | | 4 | 30 µl | The tube contains a mixture of two DNA solutions: (i) synthetic <i>FGFR3</i> sequences comprising the mutations R248C and G372C placed in a plasmid vector, (ii) human control DNA to detect the globin gene (internal control) |
| Methylation assay | Red | A | 1040 µl | The tube contains all components (PCR master mix, primers and probes) necessary to detect and quantify, <i>ALBUMIN</i> (<i>unmethylated allele</i>) and <i>SEPTIN9</i> (<i>methylated allele</i>) |
| | | B | 1040 µl | The tube contains all components (PCR master mix, primers and probes) necessary to detect and quantify, <i>HS3ST2</i> and <i>SLIT2</i> (<i>methylated alleles</i>) |
| | | C | 132 µl | Control DNA (fully methylated human DNA) |
| | White | H₂O (water) | 150 µl | Negative template control (NTC) |

Protocol

Step 1: Sample preparation

Thaw all frozen reaction components to room temperature (15-25°C), then place them in a cooling block (recommended). Mix gently, centrifuge briefly to collect solutions at the bottom of tubes.

- Mutation assay**

Note: It is recommended to carry out the detection of *FGFR3* Mutations from 10 ng of DNA, i.e. 5 ng of DNA for the detection of S249C and Y375C mutations (Tube 1) and 5 ng of DNA for the detection of G372C and R248C mutations (Tube 2).

(For patient, the minimum quantity of DNA is 5 ng, i.e. 2.5 ng of DNA for the detection of S249C and Y375C mutations and 2.5 ng of DNA for the detection of G372C and R248C mutations).

Prepare samples according to recommendations in Table 1 below.

| Tube | Control | | | | Patient | |
|-------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|--------|
| | Control 1 | | Control 2 | | Test 1 | Test 2 |
| | Positive | Negative | Positive | Negative | | |
| 1 | 16 µl | 16 µl | / | / | 16 µl | / |
| 2 | / | / | 16 µl | 16 µl | / | 16 µl |
| 3 | 4 µl | / | / | / | / | / |
| 4 | / | / | 4 µl | / | / | / |
| DNA patient (~2.5-5 ng) | / | / | / | / | 4 µl | 4 µl |
| H ₂ O | / | 4 µl | / | 4 µl | / | / |
| Final volume | 20 µl | | | | | |

- **Methylation assay**

Note: It is recommended to carry out the methylation assay from 20 ng of bisulfite-converted DNA, i.e. 10 ng of bisulfite-converted DNA for the quantification of *ALBUMIN* et *SEPTIN9* (Tube A) and 10 ng of bisulfite-converted DNA for the quantification of *HS3ST2* and *SLIT2* (Tube B).

(For patient, the minimum amount of DNA is 10 ng, i.e. 5 ng of bisulfite-converted DNA for the quantification of *ALBUMIN* et *SEPTIN9* and 5 ng of bisulfite-converted DNA for the quantification of *HS3ST2* and *SLIT2*).

Prepare samples according to recommendations in Table 2 below.

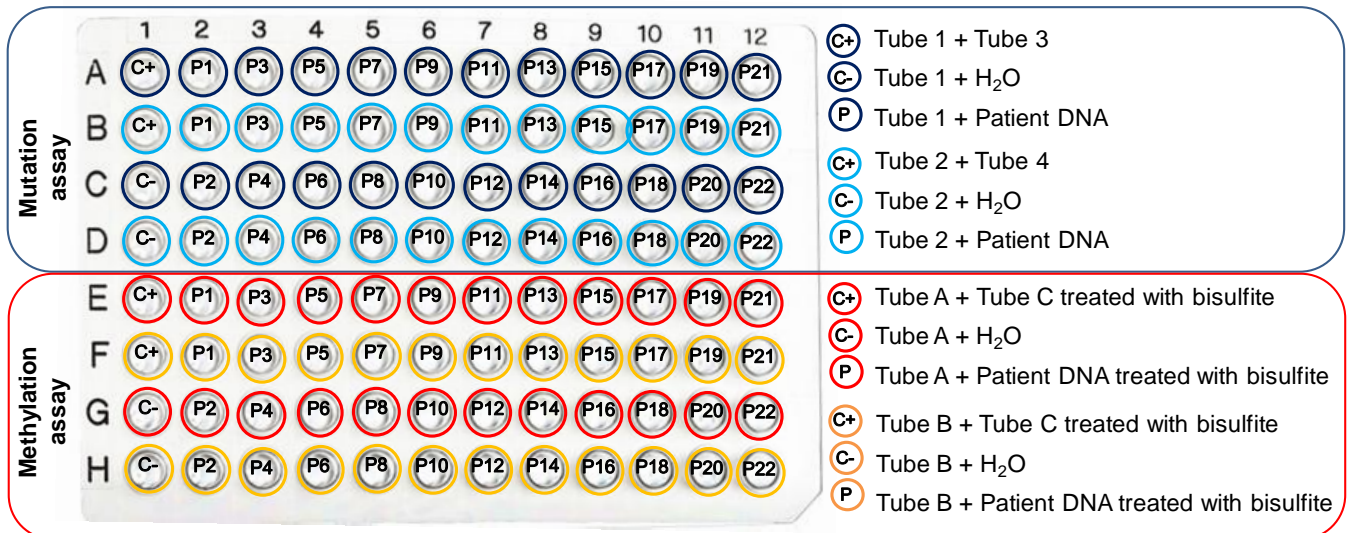
| Tube | Control | | | | Patient | |
|-------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|--------|
| | Control 1 | | Control 2 | | Test 1 | Test 2 |
| | Positive | Negative | Positive | Negative | | |
| A | 16 µl | 16 µl | / | / | 16 µl | / |
| B | / | / | 16 µl | 16 µl | / | 16 µl |
| C* (~10 ng) | 4 µl | / | 4 µl | / | / | / |
| DNA patient* (~5-10 ng) | / | / | / | / | 4 µl | 4 µl |
| H ₂ O | / | 4 µl | / | 4 µl | / | / |
| Final volume | 20 µl | | | | | |

* Bisulfite-converted DNA

Step 2: Sample deposition in MicroAmp Fast Optical 96-well plate or MicroAmp Fast Reaction (8-tubes/Strip)

As below, the position of the DNA samples on a 96-well PCR plate or PCR tubes (8-reaction tubes/strip) to carry out the URODIAG test of 22 patients.

1- Dispense appropriate volumes (reagents/samples) into corresponding wells or tubes, according Tables 1 & 2.



2- After covering the 96-well plate with the optical film or closing the PCR tubes with the caps, homogenize the reaction mixture by vortexing for 2 to 5 seconds.

3- Centrifuge the 96-well PCR plate or the PCR tubes using a microplate rotor for 10-15 seconds at approximately 1000 x g (3000 rpm).

Step 3: Program the StepOnePlus Real-Time system

The PCR reaction setup is saved in the file "URODIAG_TEMPLATE_PCR_edt.edt". Place the 96-well PCR plate or the PCR tubes in the real-time cycler, and start the cycling program (see below). Perform data analysis.

Parameters

| Mutation assay | | |
|------------------------------|--------|--------------|
| TaqMan reagents | | |
| Quantitation –Comparative Ct | | |
| Reaction volume per well | | 20 µl |
| Ramp speed | | Fast |
| Ramp rate | | 100% |
| Threshold (ΔRn) | R248C | 0.24 |
| | G372C | 0.15 |
| | S249C | 0.15 |
| | Y375C | 0.15 |
| | GLOBIN | 0.15 |
| Baseline | | Auto |
| Passive reference | | ROX |

| Methylation assay | | |
|------------------------------|---------|--------------|
| TaqMan reagents | | |
| Quantitation –Comparative Ct | | |
| Reaction volume per well | | 20 µl |
| Ramp speed | | Fast |
| Ramp rate | | 100% |
| Threshold (ΔRn) | ALBUMIN | 0.10 |
| | HS3ST2 | 0.10 |
| | SEPTIN9 | 0.10 |
| | SLIT2 | 0.10 |
| Baseline | | Auto |
| Passive reference | | ROX |

- **Dye (Reporter)**

| Mutation assay | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Detection | Reporter | Quencher |
| G372C | VIC | (aucun) |
| R248C | FAM | (aucun) |
| S249C | FAM | (aucun) |
| Y375C | VIC | (aucun) |
| <i>GLOBINE</i> | NED | (aucun) |

| Methylation assay | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Detection | Reporter | Quencher |
| <i>ALBUMIN</i> | VIC | (aucun) |
| <i>HS3ST2</i> | FAM | (aucun) |
| <i>SEPTIN9</i> | FAM | (aucun) |
| <i>SLIT2</i> | VIC | (aucun) |

- **Multiplex pCR cycling conditions**

| Step | Number of cycles | Time | Temperature | Fluorescence data collection |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Initial PCR activation step | 1 | 5 min | 95°C | - |
| Denaturation | 40 | 45 secs | 95°C | - |
| Annealing/ extension | | 45 secs | 60°C | ✓ |

Place the PCR tubes or plate in the real-time cycler, and start the cycling program. Perform data analysis.

Step 4: Rendered results

- **Quality Control (QC)**

| Mutation assay | | Ct values | Rendering |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Control 1 | Positive control for <i>GLOBIN</i> | 28-32 | PASSED |
| | Positive control for S249C mutation | 29-33 | PASSED |
| | Positive control for Y375C mutation | | PASSED |
| | Negative control | No amplification | PASSED |
| Control 2 | Positive control for <i>GLOBIN</i> | 28-32 | PASSED |
| | Positive control for R248C mutation | 29-33 | PASSED |
| | Positive control for G372C mutation | | PASSED |
| | Negative control | No amplification | PASSED |
| Patient | <i>GLOBIN</i> | 28-32 | PASSED |

| Methylation assay | | Valeurs Ct | Interprétation |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Control 1 | Positive control for <i>ALBUMIN</i> | 26-30 | PASSED |
| | Positive control for <i>SEPTINE9</i> | 26-30 | PASSED |
| | Negative control | No amplification | PASSED |
| Control 2 | Positive control for <i>HS3ST2</i> | 26-30 | PASSED |
| | Positive control for <i>SLIT2</i> | | PASSED |
| | Negative control | No amplification | PASSED |
| Patient | <i>ALBUMIN</i> | 26-30 | PASSED |

▪ Patient

| Mutation assay | | Ct values | Interpretation | Result |
|----------------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------|
| Patient | S249C mutation | 25-40 | DNA mutated for S249C | POSITIVE |
| | Y375C mutation | | DNA mutated for Y375C | POSITIVE |
| | G372C mutation | | DNA mutated for G372C | POSITIVE |
| | R248C mutation | | DNA mutated for R248C | POSITIVE |

| Methylation assay | | Ct values | Interpretation | Determination of the methylation degree of the 3 target genes |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|--|---|
| Patient | <i>HS3ST2</i> | 25-40 | Presence of methylated alleles of the <i>HS3ST2</i> gene | |
| | <i>SEPTINE9</i> | | Presence of methylated alleles of <i>SEPTINE9</i> gene | |
| | <i>SLIT2</i> | | Presence of methylated alleles of <i>SLIT2</i> gene | |

After the run is complete, PCR data (Cts) are exported to a text file, then to the Urodiag software automatic of rendering results.

